

other information and knowledge obtained, the undersigned respectfully submits the following as his conclusions in reference to the whole subject which the Commission was instructed to investigate.

1. "That the House of Commons of the Dominion of Canada made a right and wise declaration in relation to the subject when it declared, in 1877, that total prohibition is the right and only effective remedy for intemperance; that the House of Commons was right in declaring at the same time: 'that this House is prepared to enact such legislation as soon as public opinion will sustain them in doing so,' and that the House of Commons was well advised in reiterating from time to time, as already set forth, this declaration.

2. "That all the information which your Commission has been able to obtain has made clear to the undersigned that the effect of the liquor traffic has been and is seriously detrimental to all the moral, social and material interests of the nation; that the measures employed to lessen, regulate or prohibit the traffic have been of value and effective only in proportion as they have approximated, in their operation, to the absolute prohibition of the traffic in intoxicating beverages; and that the revenue requirements of the country should not be considered a reason for the continuance of an admitted evil, and moreover could be met without the continuance of that evil."

4. "That it would, therefore, be right and wise for the Dominion Parliament, without further delay, to carry out the promise given and give effect to the principle stated in its several resolutions, by the enactment and thorough enforcement of a law prohibiting the manufacture, importation and sale of intoxicating liquor, except for medical, sacramental and scientific purposes, in and into the Dominion of Canada."

#### NECROLOGY.

577. Of the thirty-three "Fathers of Confederation" who met at Quebec in the month of October, 1864, to frame a constitution for the Canadian Union, all have passed away excepting ten. None died during the year 1894.

578. Senator Glazier who died in July, 1894, was born in Sunbury County, New Brunswick, in 1809. He sat for Sunbury in the New Brunswick Legislature for some time prior to and after the Union of the Provinces. In 1868 he was appointed to the Senate and held that position till his death.

579. Senator Billa Flint died on 15th June, 1894. He was born in Elizabethtown, Ontario, 9th February, 1805. He was appointed a Justice of the Peace in 1836, was Mayor of Belleville, Reeve of Elzevir for twenty-one years up to 1890, sat for Hastings in the Canadian Assembly from 1847 to 1851 when he was defeated, and for South Hastings from 1854 to 1857. He represented the Trent Division in the Legislative Council of the Province of Canada from 1863 until the Union of the Provinces, when he was called to the Senate by Royal proclamation.